

۰۲۱۵۵۷۵۶۵۰۰

اگرچه نیت خوبی است زیستن ... اما خوشا که دست به تصمیم بهتری بزنیم !



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مرجع تخصصی قبولی آزمون فرهنگیان و آزمون استخدامی آموزش و پرورش

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Listening 1: Listen to the audio file and answer the questions. (1 point)

- 1- When did the student have an accident?
- 2- A car hit her.
 - A) True
- B) False
- 3- How long was she in the hospital?
- 4- She was riding her bike when she had an accident.
- A) True /
- B) False

Listening 2: Listen to the audio file and complete the blanks. (1 point)

It is very difficult to find your favorite food when you travel. Sometimes it is even difficult to find (5)----- food. Besides, the prices of foods may be so high on the (6)----- or in

airports. Long (7)----- may make you tired and weak and this can (8)----- the risk of illness. So you should eat well while you are traveling.

Listening 3: Listen to the audio file and answer the questions. (2 points)

- 9- How many tourists travel around the world?
- 10- Domestic tourists travel abroad.
- A) True
- B) False
- 11- Which country is famous for its wonderful pyramids?
- 12- Name two South American countries famous for their history and amazing nature:
 - 1. -----
- 2, -----

II. Vocabulary

A: Use the pictures to complete the blanks. The first letter is given. (1 point)









1- The Persian lion d---- about 75 years ago.

- 2- Our heart pumps b----- around our body.
- 3- Camels can travel across hot and dry d----- with little food and water.
- 4- The students do e----- in the school laboratory.

B: Fill in the blanks with the words given. One word is extra. (1 point)

invention / habitat / clear / range / wonder

- 5- Buyers have a wide ----- of choices in department stores, and prices are usually low.
- 6- Edison's famous ----- was the light bulb.
- 7- They went on a safari and watched the animals in their natural ------
- 8- It wasn't easy to see the people in the photo. In fact, the photo wasn't ------

| C: Write an appropriate word in each blank. The first letter is given. (1 point) | | | | | | |
|---|--------------|----------|-----------------------|---------------------------|--|--|
| 9- The place where you travel to is your d- | | | • | · . T | | |
| 10- The people of that country are very fried very h | enaly, | Kina | and generous to to | ourists. In fact, they're | | |
| 11- It's a place from which scientists watch | and s | study | the planets and sta | ore It's 9/n 0 | | |
| <u>-</u> | | • | - | 115. 10 5 4/11 0 | | |
| 12- When someone passes away, we put him / her into a g | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | |
| D: Match the definitions with the words give | ven. O | ne w | ord is extra. (1 poi | nt) | | |
| 13. someone who lives very near you | (|) | a) | pilgrim | | |
| 14- something that you believe | (|) | b) | neighbor | | |
| 15- someone who travels to a holy place | (|) | • | instead | | |
| 16- to say something aloud from memory | (|) | | recite | | |
| | | | e) | belief | | |
| III. Grammar | | | | | | |
| A: Use the correct form of the word given i | n the | noro | nthosos (1 noint) | | | |
| 17- You shouldn'tyour car here. | | _ | | to nark) | | |
| · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | - | | ll it to a med | <u>-</u> | | |
| 19- In order of distance from the Sun, Merc | | • | | ` , | | |
| 20- I didn't put on gloves. Now, my | • | | | (IICUI) | | |
| | | | | | | |
| B: Use an appropriate modal verb in each l | blank | . (1 p | oint) | | | |
| could / m | nay / n | nust | / should | | | |
| 21- I'm not certain where the children are. | They | | be at home or pe | erhaps they're in the | | |
| playground. | | | - | | | |
| 22- The doctor strongly advised me, "You - | de | creas | se the amount of fa | t you eat." | | |
| | | | | | | |
| C: Answer the questions with the informati | ion gi | ven i | n parentheses. (1 pe | oint) | | |
| Quality (in the day) | - | , 022 22 | pu (= p | o o) | | |
| 23- What were the children doing in the ya | rd? (v | vater | the flower) | | | |
| 24- Who has repaired the bike for Ted? | | | | | | |
| Nobody. He (himself) | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | |
| D: Use the correct form of the adjectives in | the b | lank | s. (1 point) | | | |
| | | _ | | | | |
| Paul's best friend thinks all games are exciting, but football is the (25) (exciting) game | | | | | | |
| but it's (26) (noisy) than all the oth | _ | | | | | |
| | | | | | | |
| IV: Reading: Read the following passages a | ına ar | iswei | tne questions. | | | |
| Passage 1 (4 points) | | | | | | |
| Marie Curie was born in 1867. She is one | of the | gres | ntest scientists ever | to have lived. She was | | |
| Marie Curie was born in 1867. She is one of the greatest scientists ever to have lived. She was one of the first people in the field of radioactivity and discovered the chemical elements radium | | | | | | |
| and polonium. Curie is the only person ever to win two Nobel Prizes in two different sciences. | | | | | | |
| and polonium. Curie is the only person ever to will two model prizes in two different sciences. | | | | | | |

Other successes include being the first female professor at the University of Paris.

Curie was born in Warsaw, Poland. Her father was a math and physics teacher and was a big influence on Marie's early education. From an early age Marie was an exceptional student with an amazing memory. She often went without food and sleep to study. Her excellent mind led her to Paris to study and do her research.

She met her future husband Pierre Curie at the university. He thought Marie was a genius and wanted to work with her. They got married and spent most of their time together in their laboratory studying radioactive materials. Their research led to the discovery of radium, for which they were given the Nobel Prize for Physics in 1903.

Pierre was killed in 1906 and Marie was shocked and was very lonely. She threw herself even deeper into her work and won the Nobel Prize for Chemistry in 1911. She spent the 1920s raising funds for more research into radium. In 1934 she died from a condition caused by decades of contact to radiation. No one knew how deadly radium was until years later.

Are the following sentences A) True or B) False?

- 27- Except for Mary Curie, there are no other scientists who won two Noble Prizes in two different sciences.
- 28- After her husband's death, she was completely destroyed and gave up studying and experimenting.
- 29- Three years after her husband's death, they won the Noble prize in Physics.
- 30- Mary knew that working with radium would kill her.
- 31- Pierre killed himself in 1906.
- 32- She discovered radium and polonium.
- 33- She and her father received two Noble Prizes in two different fields.
- 34- She was a pioneer in the field of radioactivity.

Passage 2 (4 points)

Our bodies are wonderful machines. They are far more wonderful than any machines that men have ever built. Like all living things, they are made of tiny blocks of living materials called cells. The cells are made of protoplasm. Protoplasm is a mysterious substance. Scientists know what elements it has in it, but they cannot put these elements together to make it.

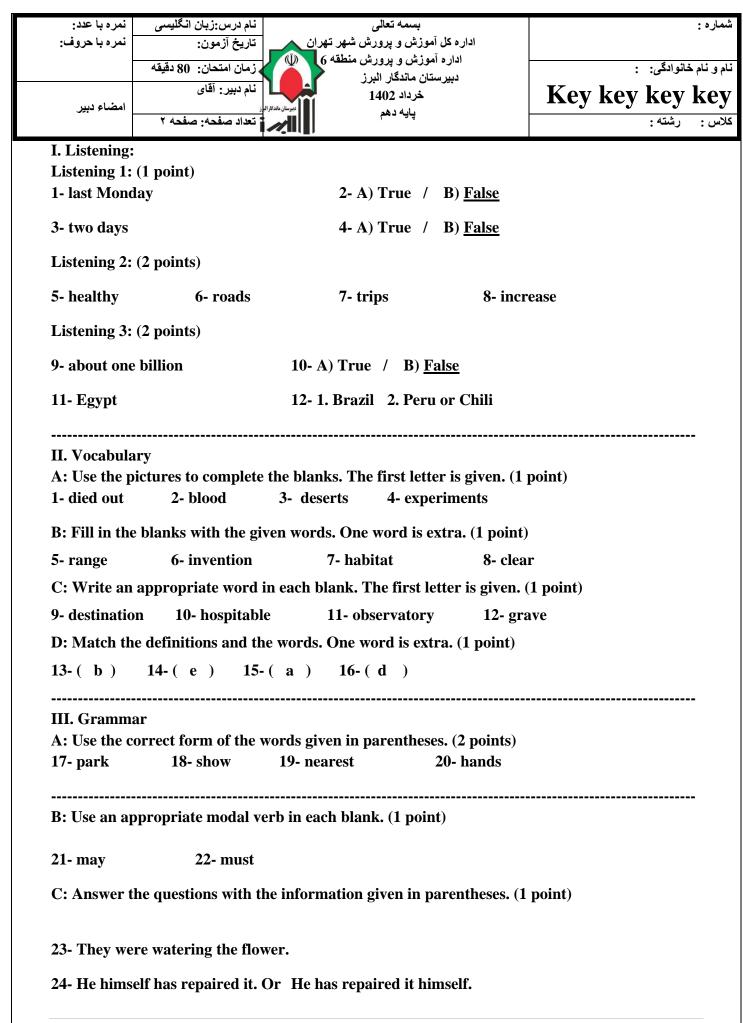
There are billions of cells in a person's body. They are tiny that no one can see them without a microscope. The cells are not all alike. There are many different kinds. Our muscles are very different from our bones because they are made of different kinds of cells. Our brains are not all like our stomachs because the cells in them are not alike. Some parts of our bodies are made of cells of several different kinds.

- 35. The passage is mainly about
 - a) wonderful machines
- b) questions and answers

c) living things

- d) human body
- 36. Do scientists have enough information to make human body?
- 37. The cells, in a person's body, are not all the same. A) True / B) False
- 38. Why are different parts of our bodies different?

| Writing: A: Write the correct forms of words in the parentheses. (3 points) 39. My friend plays the piano | | | | | | | |
|--|--|-----------------------------|-------|------------------|--|--|--|
| | B: Put the following adjectives in the correct order. (1 point) 45- She bought a/nvase. (large / Italian / expensive / old) | | | | | | |
| C: Uns | C: Unscramble the following sentences. (1 point) | | | | | | |
| | | excitedly / boy / ran / the | • | | | | |
| | | • | | | | | |
| D: Put | D: Put a suitable preposition (at, in, on) in the blanks. (1 point) | | | | | | |
| 47. I wa | as bornTeh | ranApril 10, 1976. | | | | | |
| 48. We | usually have a f | riendly chat lunchti | me. | | | | |
| | · · | a movieFriday after: | | ould vou like to | ioin us? | | |
| | | a movie – Fraug arter | | | Join up. | | |
| D: Write the comparative and superlative forms of the adjectives given. (2 points) 50- | | | | | | | |
| | Adjective | comparative | | SI | uperlative | | |
| | far | | | | | | |
| | cheap | | | | | | |
| | difficult | | | | | | |
| | much | | | | | | |
| | | | |]] | Good Luck! Mandegar Alborz High School English Department | | |
| Writin | ng exam: | Listening: | Speak | ing: | Total: | | |
| , | /2 = | | | | | | |



D: Use the correct form of the adjectives in the blanks. (1 point)

25- the most exciting 26- noisier

.....

IV: Reading: Read the following passages and answer the questions.

Passage 1 (4 points)

27- <u>True</u> / False 28- True / <u>False</u>

29- True / <u>False</u>

30- True / False

31- True / False

32- <u>True</u> / False

33- True / False

34- True / False

Passage 2 (4 points)

35- (d)

36- No, they don't.

37- A) <u>True</u> / B) False

38- Because the cells in our bodies are different.

.....

V: Writing

A: Write the correct forms of words in the parentheses. (3 points)

39- well

40- were working

41- children

42- hard

43- more expensive

44- politely

B: Put the following adjectives in the correct order. (1 point)

45- expensive large old Italian

C: Unscramble the following sentences. (1 point)

46- The little boy ran into the room excitedly.

D: Put a suitable preposition (at, in, on) in the blanks. (1 point)

47- in / on

48- at

49- on

D: Write the comparative and superlative forms of the adjectives given. (2 points)

50-

| Adjective | comparative | superlative |
|-----------|-------------------|-----------------------------|
| far | farther / further | the farthest / the furthest |
| cheap | cheaper | the cheapest |
| difficult | more difficult | the most difficult |
| much | more | the most |

Good Luck!